

Copyright 2020 Nationwide LVs + Institutional Leaders November 17 - December 1, 2020 29995 1000 Nationwide LV Interviews CI +/- 3.1% 215 OS Hispanic LV Interviews CI +/- 6.7% 185 OS African American LV Interviews CI +/- 7.2% 193 Institutional Leaders LV Interviews CI +/- 7.1%

Professor or instructor.....

30

s2. As you may know, there will be an election for Congress, and other offices in November 2022. How likely are you to vote in the November 2022 election?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Definitely	77%	73%	76%	77%
Probably	14	17	12	12
Chance 50-50	9	10	11	7
Probably not	-	-	-	4
Definitely not	-	-	-	-

P1. When it comes to politics, do you generally think of yourself as a strong Democrat, not very strong Democrat, strong Republican, not very strong Republican, an independent, or some other political party? [IF INDEPENDENT/OTHER] Do you think of yourself as closer to the Democratic Party or the Republican Party?

	Nationwide	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Democrat	43%	59%	81%	55%
Republican	42	26	11	38
Independent	14	15	8	7

Q1. [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] How long have you been working in higher education?	Less than one year	19 37 25
Q2. [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] The higher education institution I work for would best be described as:	A public institution	40
Q3. [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] The higher education institution I work for would best be described as:	A vocational or trade school	12
Q4. [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] Do most of the students at your institution attend classes online or in-person?	Online	
Q5. [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] The students at the higher education institution I work for predominately pursue:	Associate's Degrees	74
Q6. [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] Which of the following best describes your role at the higher education institution you work for?	President Provost or Chancellor Dean	9

B1. You will now see the names of some different people and organizations. Please indicate how favorable or unfavorable you feel toward each. Some of the names and organizations are fairly broad and others are more specific, but do your best to give us your opinion on each. If you haven't heard of them or don't know enough about them to give a rating, please select that option.

	FAVO	RABLE	UNFAVO	RABLE				NET	
	<u>Very</u>	<u>Some</u>	<u>Some</u>	<u>Very</u>	CR	<u>NH</u>	FAV	<u>UNFAV</u>	<u>FAM</u>
Vocational or trade schools in the United States									
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	35% 30%	44 44	8 13	3 4	9 7	2 3	79% 73%	11 17	89 90
LV Black	35%	32	10	7	13	3	67%	17	84
Institution Leaders	29%	57	10	2	2	*	86%	12	97
Public community colleges in the United States	2001	4.0				,			
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	30% 32%	48 41	9 12	4 6	8 5	1 3	78% 73%	14 18	91 91
LV Black	34%	40	9	5	8	3	74%	14	89
Institution Leaders	36%	49	11	3	*	1	84%	14	98
									- 1
Four-year colleges and universities in the United States	0.40/	44	40	0	0		050/	00	04
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	24% 29%	41 37	18 18	8 10	8 5	1	65% 65%	26 28	91 94
LV Black	31%	35	14	7	10	3	67%	21	87
Institution Leaders	39%	39	18	4	*	-	78%	22	100
The Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation									
LV Nationwide	34%	29	10	10	12	5	62%	20	83
LV Hispanic	33%	31	14	6	8	7	65%	20	84
LV Black	31%	25	7	14	15	10	55%	20	76
Institution Leaders	37%	41	7	7	6	3	78%	14	91
Bill Gates									- 1
LV Nationwide	32%	31	12	13	11	1	62%	25	87
LV Hispanic	32%	31	14	10	11	1	64%	24	88
LV Black Institution Leaders	30% 31%	33 41	10 14	11 9	12 5	4	63% 72%	21 22	84 94
institution Leaders	3170	71	14	9	J		12/0	22	34
• The higher education system in the United States									- 1
LV Nationwide	18%	41	20	11	8	2	59%	32	91
LV Hispanic LV Black	21% 21%	37 37	24 18	10 9	5 10	4 4	58% 58%	34 27	91 85
Institution Leaders	26%	50	18	4	2	-	76%	22	98
Melinda Gates									- 1
LV Nationwide	27%	29 33	10	9	17 11	8	56% 58%	18	75 80
LV Hispanic LV Black	25% 22%	33 28	12 11	9 9	15	9 15	50%	22 20	70
Institution Leaders	32%	40	13	5	8	1	73%	18	91
Joe Biden	0.424	00	•	00	•		5001		
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	34% 37%	22 31	9 8	32 20	2 3	1 1	56% 68%	41 28	97 96
LV Hispanic LV Black	57%	23	6	20 9	ა 5	*	80%	20 15	95
Institution Leaders	42%	26	14	16	1	-	68%	31	99

B1. You will now see the names of some different people and organizations. Please indicate how favorable or unfavorable you feel toward each. Some of the names and organizations are fairly broad and others are more specific, but do your best to give us your opinion on each. If you haven't heard of them or don't know enough about them to give a rating, please select that option.

	FAVO	RABLE	UNFAVO	RABLE				NET	
	Very	<u>Some</u>	<u>Some</u>	<u>Very</u>	CR	<u>NH</u>	FAV	UNFAV	FAM
The U.S. Department of Education				-					- 1
LV Nationwide	15%	34	27	13	10	1	49%	40	89
LV Hispanic	15%	41	28	10	4	2	56%	38	94
LV Black	23%	31	19	15	10	1	55%	34	88
Institution Leaders	21%	42	25	10	2	-	63%	35	98
- Democrate in Congress									
Democrats in Congress LV Nationwide	21%	28	14	33	4	1	48%	47	96
LV Hispanic	28%	32	17	17	3	2	60%	34	94
LV Black	44%	32	8	9	5	2	76%	17	93
Institution Leaders	25%	38	16	18	2	1	63%	34	98
									- 1
• Institutional leadership of colleges and universities									
LV Nationwide	12%	31	21	12	15	8	44%	33	76
LV Hispanic	14%	35	19	10	13	8	49%	29	79
LV Black	20%	35	17	6	13	10	54%	22	77
Institution Leaders	22%	49	18	6	5		71%	24	95
Republicans in Congress									
LV Nationwide	17%	26	18	34	4	1	43%	52	95
LV Hispanic	13%	19	22	40	4	2	32%	62	94
LV Black	7%	11	23	48	9	2	18%	71	89
Institution Leaders	16%	30	21	31	1	1	46%	52	98
Decelii Teerre									
Donald Trump	070/	10	0	40	0		420/	E 4	07
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	27% 17%	16 15	9 7	46 57	2 2	1 3	43% 32%	54 64	97 95
LV Black	7%	5	11	72	4	1	12%	83	95
Institution Leaders	25%	15	9	50	1		40%	59	99
• For-profit colleges and universities in the United States									- 1
LV Nationwide	11%	29	26	18	13	3	40%	44	84
LV Hispanic	11%	31	25	19	6	8	42%	44	86
LV Black	15%	29	16	18	18	4	44%	34	78
Institution Leaders	16%	41	26	14	3	*	57%	40	97
Betsy DeVos									
LV Nationwide	10%	14	11	28	12	26	23%	39	62
LV Hispanic	6%	13	14	26	13	27	19%	40	59
LV Black	4%	9	10	35	10	31	13%	45	58
Institution Leaders	19%	22	16	33	4	6	41%	49	90

Q22. In your own words, what value does higher education provide students today?



L۷

Q23. Before the pandemic, how would you rate the value of a degree after high school?

στο το της το				
	Nationwide	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
Excellent	34%	35%	33%	51%
Good	52	52	55	42
Not so good	12	12	11	6
Poor	2	1	1	1
POSITIVE (NET)	86%	87	88	93
NEGATIVE (NET)	14	13	12	7

Q24. Before the pandemic, how would you rate the return on investment of a degree after high school?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Excellent	26%	29%	28%	37%
Good	50	48	52	50
Not so good	21	20	19	9
Poor	4	4	2	5
POSITIVE (NET)	76%	77	79	87
NEGATIVE (NET)	24	23	21	13

Q25A. [SPLIT A] How would you rate the value of a degree after high school, today?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Excellent	25%	28%	20%	35%
Good	47	46	50	48
Not so good	23	20	28	10
Poor	5	6	3	6
POSITIVE (NET)	72%	74	70	84
NEGATIVE (NET)	28	26	30	16

Q25B. [SPLIT B] How would you rate the return on investment of a degree after high school, today?

tution
ders
27%
58
11
3
86
14
1

Q26. Do you believe the value of a degree after high school has changed in the last year?

		LV		
	Nationwide	Hispanic	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Yes, it has become more valuable	18%	21%	25%	38%
Yes, it has become less valuable	37	49	36	29
No, it has stayed the same	45	30	39	34

Q27. [IF YES] You indicated that you believe that a degree after high school has become less valuable in the last year. Please indicate what gives you that impression, select all that apply.

	Nationwide	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
College has become too expensive for what students get out of it these days	55%	53%	48%	48%
The economy has gotten worse and will harm graduates' career prospects	50	39	55	44
Colleges and universities have let instructional quality slip	36	34	24	30
Students are not majoring in subjects that will earn them a higher salary	35	30	25	40
Higher education has largely moved online	33	27	26	28
Other	5	2	3	3
None of the above	3	2	3	3

Q28. Has the pandemic made improving the value of a degree after high school a more important or less important priority?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution
				<u>Leaders</u>
Much more important	20%	22%	27%	25%
Somewhat more important	20	27	22	41
No change	47	38	37	26
Somewhat less important	11	10	10	7
Much less important	3	3	4	1
MORE IMPORTANT (NET)	40%	49	49	66
LESS IMPORTANT (NET)	14	14	14	8

Q29A. [INSTITUTIONAL LEADERS/ SPLIT A] How would you rate the job your college or university is doing providing value to students?

Excellent Good Not so good Poor	37 10
POSITIVE (NET)NEGATIVE (NET)	87% 13

Q29B. [INSTITUTIONAL LEADERS/ SPLIT B] How would you rate the job your college or university is doing providing a return on investment to students?

Excellent	
POSITIVE (NET)	93% 7

LV

Q30. If you had to choose, which of the following is the most valuable kind of degree outcome?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Degree with no debt and limited earning prospects	12%	11%	18%	11%
Degree with low debt and modest earning prospects		30	27	28
Degree with manageable debt and average earning prospects	45	44	37	50
Degree with high debt and high earning prospects		14	19	11

Q_31. Assuming a scenario where you start with \$200,000 in student loan debt and \$0 in income, please indicate your ideal level of debt-to-income. You have \$200,000 you can use however you would like. For example, if you would be willing to accept the \$200,000 in debt for a \$200,000 salary, put "200,000" in the income box and make no change to the debt box. You could also choose to pay off \$100,000 of your student loan debt and have \$100,000 in income.

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Income \$150K to \$200K and Student Loans \$0 to \$50K	26%	24%	23%	25%
Income \$100K to \$150K and Student Loans \$50K to \$100K	61	62	64	54
Income \$50K to \$100K and Student Loans \$100K to \$150K	7	6	5	16
Income \$0 to \$50K and Student Loans \$150K to \$200K	6	8	8	5

B2. Now you are going to see a few statements. For each, indicate whether you agree or disagree.

	AGRE	AGREE		DISAGREE		NET
[IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] Through my career in higher education, I make a positive difference in the lives of students	<u>Strongly</u>	<u>Some</u>	<u>Some</u>	<u>Strongly</u>	<u>AGREE</u>	DISAGREE
Institution Leaders	49%	43	7	*	92%	8
Students who attend higher education should be able to repay their student loans and get jobs that allow them to earn more than a high school graduate						
LV Nationwide	50%	39	8	2	90%	10
LV Hispanic	50%	38	8	4	88%	12
LV Black	53%	32	13	3	84%	16
Institution Leaders	48%	45	5	3	92%	8
Colleges and universities have a responsibility to ensure that most students who enroll graduate						
LV Nationwide	36%	44	17	4	79%	21
LV Hispanic	38%	44	15	3	82%	18
LV Black	40%	42	15	3	82%	18
Institution Leaders	44%	47	8	1	91%	9

B2. Now you are going to see a few statements. For each, indicate whether you agree or disagree.

	AGREE		DISAGREE			NET
	Strongly	Some	Some	Strongly	AGREE	DISAGREE
• The skills required to be successful in today's job market are very						
different than those from just a decade ago	I					
LV Nationwide	44%	44	10	2	88%	12
LV Hispanic	44%	45	10	1	88%	12
LV Black	46%	38	13	3	84%	16
Institution Leaders	49%	41	9	1	90%	10
A Dacholar's degree is worth the investment and usually nave off						
 A Bachelor's degree is worth the investment and usually pays off LV Nationwide 	28%	51	17	5	78%	22
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	29%	52	13	5 6	81%	19
LV Black	32%	47	15	6	79%	21
Institution Leaders	45%	45	8	2	89%	11
There are things colleges and universities can do to help more students graduate						
LV Nationwide	40%	48	10	2	88%	12
LV Hispanic	44%	47	4	5	92%	8
LV Black Institution Leaders	48% 45%	39 44	12 9	2 2	87% 89%	13 11
institution Leaders	7570	77		2	0370	
Most colleges and universities in America provide a high-quality education to their students						
LV Nationwide	22%	54	18	6	76%	24
LV Hispanic	23%	49	21	7	72%	28
LV Black Institution Leaders	30% 37%	50 51	16 7	4 6	80% 88%	20 12
ilistitution Leaders	37 /0	31	'	· ·	0070	12
[SPLIT B] State governments could do more to help make sure students succeed in higher education						
LV Nationwide	36%	39	19	6	76%	24
LV Hispanic	43%	34	16	7	76%	24
LV Black	52%	29	15	4	80%	20
Institution Leaders	41%	46	12		87%	13
Many colleges and universities spend too much time and money trying to enroll more students and not enough time on serving the ones they have						
LV Nationwide	33%	47	17	3	80%	20
LV Hispanic	35%	43	18	3	79%	21
LV Black	28%	49	19	4	77%	23
Institution Leaders	34%	53	10	3	87%	13
A training certificate is worth the investment and usually pays off Nettonnide	200/	F0	4.5	2	040/	40
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	29% 28%	52 56	15 13	3	81% 85%	19 15
LV Hispanic	29%	49	18	2 4	77%	23
Institution Leaders	32%	54	13	*	87%	13
• [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] The college or university I work for could do more to help set students up for success						
Institution Leaders	33%	52	11	3	86%	14
	ļ					

B2. Now you are going to see a few statements. For each, indicate whether you agree or disagree.

,	AGRE	E	DISAGREE		NET	
	Strongly	<u>Some</u>	<u>Some</u>	Strongly	AGREE	DISAGREE
• [SPLIT B] Because colleges and universities have perpetuated racial inequality and oppression for centuries, they have a responsibility to help reduce social inequality by making college more accessible to students from all backgrounds						
LV Nationwide	28% 31%	41 45	16 17	14	69% 76%	31 24
LV Hispanic LV Black	60%	30	6	7	91%	9
Institution Leaders	35%	50	8	7	85%	15
Colleges and universities are doing a good job of training students for the careers of today and tomorrow						
LV Nationwide	18%	47	27	9	65%	35
LV Hispanic	21%	49 49	18	12	70% 73%	30 27
LV Black Institution Leaders	24% 31%	48 53	21 12	7 4	83%	17
• [SPLIT A] Colleges and universities have a responsibility to help make society more equal by improving the life outcomes of their graduates						
LV Nationwide	32% 41%	43 43	17 10	7 6	76% 84%	24 16
LV Hispanic LV Black	36%	38	19	7	74%	26
Institution Leaders	42%	40	12	5	83%	17
• [SPLIT A] The federal government could do more to help make sure students succeed in higher education	31%	38	20	10	69%	31
LV Hispanic	42%	37	16	5 5	79%	21
LV Black Institution Leaders	37% 41%	47 42	11 11	5 7	84% 83%	16 17
mattation Ecuacio	7170	72		,	0070	"
[SPLIT A] Colleges and universities have a responsibility to help reduce social inequality by making college more accessible to students from all backgrounds						
LV Nationwide	32% 47%	44	14	9	76% 87%	24
LV Hispanic LV Black	47% 44%	40 41	8 10	6 4	85%	13 15
Institution Leaders	39%	42	14	5	81%	19
• [SPLIT B] Because colleges and universities have perpetuated racial inequality and oppression for centuries, they have a responsibility to help make society more equal by improving the life outcomes of their						
graduates	070/	00	0.4		0.40/	00
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	27% 29%	38 47	21 17	14 8	64% 76%	36 24
LV Black	45%	42	9	5	86%	14
Institution Leaders	34%	44	15	7	78%	22
• [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] Accreditors that I have engaged with do a good job of evaluating the quality of my college or university						
Institution Leaders	27%	50	19	4	77%	23
I			l			

B2. Now you are going to see a few statements. For each, indicate whether you agree or disagree.

	AGRE	E	DISAGREE		NET		
	Strongly	Some	Some	Strongly	AGREE	DISAGREE	ı
• An Associate's degree is worth the investment and usually pays off							ı
LV Nationwide	23%	52	21	4	75%	25	ı
LV Hispanic	24%	53	19	4	77%	23	ı
LV Black	31%	45	21	3 5	76%	24	ı
Institution Leaders	38%	38	19	5	77%	23	ı
[SPLIT A] Students have all the information they need about student outcomes at colleges and universities							
LV Nationwide	14%	38	35	13	52%	48	
LV Hispanic	16%	40	27	17	57%	43	
LV Black	20%	37	31	13	56%	44	ı
Institution Leaders	36%	39	18	7	75%	25	ı
Many colleges and universities do not spend enough time or money on providing greater access to students from all backgrounds							
LV Nationwide	23%	42	25	10	65%	35	
LV Hispanic	26%	48	21	6	73%	27	
LV Black Institution Leaders	33% 31%	44 42	19 22	4	77% 74%	23 26	ı
Institution Leaders	3170	42	22	4	7470	20	ı
• [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] All accreditors do a good job at evaluating the quality of colleges and universities they approve							
Institution Leaders	25%	42	28	5	67%	33	
[SPLIT B] Students have all the information they need about how their money is spent by colleges and universities							
LV Nationwide	17%	25	34	25	42%	58	
LV Hispanic	11%	41	35	13	52%	48	
LV Black Institution Leaders	27% 28%	29 33	28 31	17 8	56% 60%	44 40	
institution Leaders	2070	00	1 31	U	0070	TU	и.

Q51A. [SPLIT A] Which of the following statements do you agree with more:

, , ,		LV		
	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
Colleges and universities need to keep up with the needs of the 21st century economy and offer courses and degrees that allow students to be successful after graduation	58%	55%	63%	53%
graduation	42	45	37	47

Q51B. [SPLIT B] Which of the following statements do you agree with more:

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
Colleges and universities need to keep up with the needs of the pandemic economy and offer courses and degrees that allow students to be successful after graduation	58%	58%	60%	74%
on what college or university to attend and what classes to take to be successful after graduation.		42	40	26

LV

B3A. [SPLIT A] You will now see a list of issues. Please indicate how important a candidate's position on each issue is to you in deciding whom to vote for.

	IMP	ORTANT	=	NOT IMPORTANT		NOT IMPORTANT N	NOT IMPORTANT NET		
	Top <u>issue</u>	Not a top <u>issue</u>	<u>Some</u>	Not that important	Not at all important	<u>IMPORTANT</u>	NOT IMPORTANT		
Jobs and the economy				_			_		
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	61% 57%	26 27	10 13	2 2	1	87% 85%	3 2		
LV Black	54%	23	15	6	1	78%	7		
Institution Leaders	57%	25	17	1	-	82%	1		
Health care									
LV Nationwide	59%	23	15	2	1	82%	4		
LV Hispanic LV Black	57% 59%	23 19	14 17	5 5	1	80% 77%	5 5		
Institution Leaders	50%	34	12	2	2	85%	4		
National security									
LV Nationwide	55%	26	15	3	1	82%	3		
LV Hispanic LV Black	44%	28 33	22	5 5	1	72% 77%	6		
Institution Leaders	45% 48%	33 34	16 18	1	-	82%	6 1		
Medicare and Social Security									
LV Nationwide	57%	24	17	2	1	80%	2		
LV Hispanic	53%	29	15	2	*	83%	3		
LV Black Institution Leaders	53% 40%	25 33	17 22	2 4	2	78% 73%	5 5		
	.070	•			·	10%	·		
• Taxes	E00/	00	40	0	4	700/	2		
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	50% 42%	28 27	19 26	2 4	1	78% 69%	3 5		
LV Hispanic LV Black	43%	24	29	4	1	66%	5		
Institution Leaders	47%	34	13	7	-	80%	7		
Public health									
LV Nationwide	47%	31	18	3	1	78%	4		
LV Hispanic LV Black	44% 51%	32 26	18 20	5 1	1 2	76% 77%	6 3		
Institution Leaders	44%	36	16	2	2	79%	4		
Crime and public safety									
LV Nationwide	47%	30	17	4	1	78%	5		
LV Hispanic LV Black	44% 51%	27 24	27 21	2 2	- 1	70% 76%	2 4		
Institution Leaders	35%	24 51	14	*	1	85%	1		
National debt and budget deficit									
LV Nationwide	41%	33	20	4	2	74%	6		
LV Hispanic	37%	42	11	8 5	2	79%	10		
LV Black Institution Leaders	33% 37%	39 38	21 17	5 7	2	72% 76%	7 7		
montunon Leavers	01 /0	00	''	, '	-	7070	'		

B3A. [SPLIT A] You will now see a list of issues. Please indicate how important a candidate's position on each issue is to you in deciding whom to vote for.

	IMP	ORTANT	-	NOT IMPORTANT		NOT IMPORTANT NET		
	Top <u>issue</u>	Not a top <u>issue</u>	Some	Not that important	Not at all important	IMPORTANT	NOT <u>IMPORTANT</u>	
Education								
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	34% 41%	35 31	27 20	3 7	1	69% 72%	4 8	
LV Black	48%	31	18	3	1	79%	4	
Institution Leaders	52%	31	13	3	1	83%	4	
Immigration								
LV Nationwide	39%	26	24	7	4	66%	11	
LV Hispanic LV Black	33% 25%	31 38	25 29	8 7	3	63% 63%	12	
Institution Leaders	22%	41	28	7	1	63%	8 9	
The environment								
LV Nationwide	38%	26	23	9	4	64%	13	
LV Hispanic	35%	36	21	5	3	71%	8	
LV Black Institution Leaders	45% 29%	26 42	20 15	4 9	5 4	71% 71%	9 14	
institution Leaders	29%	42	15	9	4	/ 170	14	
Criminal justice reform								
LV Nationwide	35%	28	25	9	2	63%	12	
LV Hispanic LV Black	33% 48%	41 24	18 18	5 9	2	74% 73%	7 10	
Institution Leaders	28%	41	25	4	1	69%	5	
• Guns								
LV Nationwide	36%	26	23	10	5	62%	15	
LV Hispanic	36%	26	23	7	7	62%	14	
LV Black Institution Leaders	39%	26 22	17 25	14 11	4 4	65%	18 15	
institution Leaders	39%	22	25	11	4	60%	10	
Women's health								
LV Nationwide	29%	31	30	7	3	60%	10	
LV Hispanic LV Black	34% 43%	37 27	24 22	2 6	3 2	71% 70%	5 8	
Institution Leaders	28%	32	26	9	6	60%	14	
Improving the value of higher education								
LV Nationwide	26%	33	31	8	3	59%	10	
LV Hispanic	29%	40	23	6	2	69%	8	
LV Black Institution Leaders	37% 31%	33 44	22 18	7 5	1 2	70% 75%	7 7	
montunon Leaders	3170	77	10	3	2	7570	,	
Money in politics								
LV Nationwide	28%	29	30	9 15	4	57%	14	
LV Hispanic LV Black	28% 25%	27 37	28 27	15 6	2 4	55% 63%	16 10	
Institution Leaders	38%	35	16	6	4	73%	11	

B3A. [SPLIT A] You will now see a list of issues. Please indicate how important a candidate's position on each issue is to you in deciding whom to vote for.

	IMP	ORTANT	-	NOT IMP	ORTANT	NET		
	Top <u>issue</u>	Not a top issue	Some	Not that important	Not at all important	<u>IMPORTANT</u>	NOT <u>IMPORTANT</u>	
Reducing student debt								
LV Nationwide	21%	31	24	13	11	52%	24	ı
LV Hispanic	33%	34	18	9	6	67%	15	
LV Black	33%	38	20	7	2	71%	9	
Institution Leaders	28%	23	36	7	6	51%	13	
Making college free								
LV Nationwide	18%	20	22	15	24	38%	39	ı
LV Hispanic	28%	24	27	9	12	52%	21	
LV Black	29%	31	27	8	6	60%	13	ı
Institution Leaders	25%	31	19	7	19	56%	25	

B3B. [SPLIT B] You will now see a list of issues. Please indicate how important a candidate's position on each issue was to you in deciding whom to vote for before the coronavirus pandemic.

	IMP	ORTANT	NOT IMPORTANT			NET		
	Top <u>issue</u>	Not a top issue	Some	Not that important	Not at all important	<u>IMPORTANT</u>	NOT <u>IMPORTANT</u>	
Jobs and the economy								
LV Nationwide	61%	23	12	2	1	85%	3	
LV Hispanic	59%	30	9	2	*	88%	3	
LV Black	68%	21	8	-	2	90%	2	
Institution Leaders	56%	25	15	3	-	81%	3	
Medicare and Social Security								
LV Nationwide	54%	28	14	3	1	83%	4	
LV Hispanic	53%	31	11	4	1	84%	5	
LV Black	62%	24	11	4 3 3	-	86%	4 5 3 3	
Institution Leaders	43%	24	31	3	-	66%	3	
Health care								
LV Nationwide	60%	20	17	3	1	79%	4	
LV Hispanic	67%	16	11	4	2 1	83%	6	
LV Black	70%	16	9	4	1	86%	5 2	
Institution Leaders	56%	27	15	1	2	83%	2	
National security								
LV Nationwide	49%	29	18	3	1	78%	4	
LV Hispanic	53%	24	18	3 1	2	77%		
LV Black	51%	24	21		4	74%	5 5 3	
Institution Leaders	52%	26	19	3	-	78%	3	
Crime and public safety								
LV Nationwide	46%	29	20	5	1	75%	5	
LV Hispanic	50%	25	19	5	1	75%	6	
LV Black	64%	22	12	1	1	86%	2	
Institution Leaders	43%	36	16	5	*	79%	5	

B3B. [SPLIT B] You will now see a list of issues. Please indicate how important a candidate's position on each issue was to you in deciding whom to vote for before the coronavirus pandemic.

	IMP	ORTANT	_	NOT IMP	ORTANT	NET		
	Top <u>issue</u>	Not a top <u>issue</u>	<u>Some</u>	Not that important	Not at all important	<u>IMPORTANT</u>	NOT IMPORTANT	
Public health LV Nationwide	51%	24	20	4	2	74%	6	
LV Hispanic	48%	30	17	4	1	78%	6	
LV Black Institution Leaders	67% 64%	13 18	16 15	3 1	2 2	79% 82%	5 3	
moutution Leaders	0470	10	13	ı	2	0270	3	
National debt and budget deficit								
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	42% 45%	32 27	19 18	6 6	1 5	74% 72%	7 10	
LV Black	39%	31	18	8	4	70%	12	
Institution Leaders	39%	32	23	5	-	72%	5	
Taura								
Taxes	47%	24	22	5	1	71%	7	
LV Hispanic	42%	31	19	5	2	73%	8	
LV Black Institution Leaders	47% 43%	26 38	24 14	2 5	1 1	73% 80%	3 6	
mstitution Leaders	45/0	30	14	3	'	0070	O	
Education								
LV Nationwide	36% 46%	34 30	24 16	5 8	1	70% 76%	6	
LV Hispanic LV Black	52%	30 27	16	2	3	80%	8 5	
Institution Leaders	56%	27	13	3	1	83%	4	
- language and								
Immigration	37%	27	25	7	3	65%	10	
LV Hispanic	38%	31	21	9	1	69%	10	
LV Black Institution Leaders	28% 32%	33 31	24 28	9 8	5 1	62% 63%	14 9	
institution Leaders	JZ /0	31	20	U	'	0370	3	
Women's health								
LV Nationwide	32% 39%	28 31	25 20	9 6	5 3	61% 70%	15	
LV Hispanic LV Black	46%	37	13	4	ა -	83%	9 4	
Institution Leaders	32%	37	28	1	3	68%	4	
a Cuna								
Guns	37%	22	25	9	7	60%	16	
LV Hispanic	35%	24	22	15	4	59%	19	
LV Black Institution Leaders	54% 34%	14 30	18 20	6 11	8 4	68% 65%	14 15	
institution Leavers	U-7/0	50	20	11	7	0070	10	
• Improving the value of higher education								
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	27% 31%	32 39	29 21	9 7	3 2	59% 70%	12	
LV Hispanic LV Black	50%	39 22	25	1	2	70%	9	
Institution Leaders	30%	42	25	2	-	73%	2	
	l		1					

B3B. [SPLIT B] You will now see a list of issues. Please indicate how important a candidate's position on each issue was to you in deciding whom to vote for before the coronavirus pandemic.

	IMPORTANT		•	NOT IMP	ORTANT	NET		
	Top <u>issue</u>	Not a top <u>issue</u>	Some	Not that important	Not at all important	<u>IMPORTANT</u>	NOT <u>IMPORTANT</u>	
The environment								
LV Nationwide	39%	20	25	9	7	59%	16	
LV Hispanic	49%	27	15	6 9 5	3	76%	9	
LV Black	43%	22	24	9	3 2 2	65%	11	
Institution Leaders	38%	34	21	5	2	72%	6	
Money in politics								
LV Nationwide	28%	31	28	10	4	58%	14	
LV Hispanic	28%	30	30	9	4 2 6	59%	11	
LV Black	42%	20	27	5	6	62%	11	
Institution Leaders	28%	26	32	11	4	54%	14	
Criminal justice reform								
LV Nationwide	32%	26	27	10	5	58%	15	
LV Hispanic	44%	32	18	4	5 3 2	75%		
LV Black	61%	19	15	2 2	2	80%	7 5 3	
Institution Leaders	34%	43	21	2	1	76%	3	
Reducing student debt								
LV Nationwide	25%	22	27	14	11	47%	26	
LV Hispanic	32%	28	24	13	3	60%	16	
LV Black	44%	30	21	*	4	74%	4	
Institution Leaders	34%	35	21	7	4	69%	10	
Making college free								
LV Nationwide	21%	16	21	17	25	37%	41	
LV Hispanic	32%	20	21	13	14	51%	27	
LV Black	37%	25	23	9	5	62%	14	
Institution Leaders	25%	29	17	20	9	54%	28	

B4. You will now see a similar list of issues. For each, please indicate if a candidate's position on that issue has become more or less important to your vote over the last couple of years.

	MORE IMPORTANT				SS RTANT	NET	
	Much more	Some more	No <u>change</u>	Some <u>less</u>	Much <u>less</u>	MORE IMPORTANT	LESS IMPORTANT
Health care							
LV Nationwide	38%	24	32	3	2	62%	5
LV Hispanic	38%	22	29	6	5	59%	11
LV Black	44%	18	29	7	3	62%	10
Institution Leaders	35%	27	32	3	4	61%	7
Medicare and Social Security							
LV Nationwide	37%	23	36	3	2	60%	5
LV Hispanic	40%	17	33	6	4	57%	10
LV Black	44%	20	26	8	2	64%	10
Institution Leaders	25%	27	40	5	3	52%	8

B4. You will now see a similar list of issues. For each, please indicate if a candidate's position on that issue has become more or less important to your vote over the last couple of years.

	MORE IMPORTANT		LESS IMPORTANT		NI	ET	
	Much	Some	No	Some	Much	MORE	LESS
	more	more	<u>change</u>	<u>less</u>	<u>less</u>	IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT
Public health LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	37%	22	35	4	3	58%	6
	34%	23	32	6	4	58%	11
	42%	16	32	5	5	58%	10
	35%	30	27	3	4	66%	7
Jobs and the economy LV Nationwide	36%	26	33	3	2	62%	5
LV Hispanic	35%	23	32	6	4	58%	10
LV Black	43%	16	32	8	2	59%	9
Institution Leaders	37%	34	24	4	1	71%	5
National security LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	31% 29%	24 21	39 43	4 6	2 2	55% 49%	6 8
LV Black	35%	20	35	8	3 4	55%	11
Institution Leaders	25%	24	39	8		48%	12
Crime and public safety LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	30%	27	37	4	2	57%	6
	33%	22	35	7	3	54%	11
	40%	19	32	6	4	59%	10
	27%	30	34	6	2	57%	9
The environment LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	30%	20	39	6	5	50%	11
	32%	22	33	7	6	55%	13
	32%	22	36	7	4	54%	10
	27%	31	29	9	4	58%	13
Immigration LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	29%	21	39	7	3	50%	11
	29%	20	38	7	6	49%	13
	28%	18	41	9	4	45%	13
	21%	32	33	8	6	53%	14
Taxes LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	28%	25	39	6	2	53%	7
	28%	20	38	10	3	48%	13
	34%	20	34	9	4	54%	13
	25%	26	37	11	2	51%	12
Guns LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	28%	20	43	6	4	47%	10
	24%	20	38	10	8	44%	18
	33%	14	39	8	7	47%	15
	23%	24	37	11	4	47%	16

B4. You will now see a similar list of issues. For each, please indicate if a candidate's position on that issue has become more or less important to your vote over the last couple of years.

	MORE IMPORTANT		LE IMPOF		NET		
	Much	Some	No	Some	Much	MORE	LESS
	more	more	<u>change</u>	<u>less</u>	<u>less</u>	IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT
National debt and budget deficit LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	25%	26	41	7	2	51%	8
	21%	25	39	10	4	47%	14
	28%	19	42	10	1	47%	11
	23%	30	38	8	1	53%	9
Criminal justice reform LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	24%	26	41	5	4	50%	9
	26%	26	33	9	5	52%	15
	42%	16	30	8	4	58%	12
	23%	28	37	8	4	51%	12
Women's health LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	22%	20	50	5	3	42%	8
	28%	22	39	6	6	49%	12
	30%	23	36	8	3	53%	11
	23%	25	44	5	3	48%	8
Education LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	22%	22	49	5	2	43%	7
	27%	23	39	6	5	50%	11
	35%	20	33	8	4	54%	12
	34%	31	29	3	2	65%	6
Money in politics LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	20%	23	46	8	3	43%	12
	21%	18	42	12	7	39%	19
	23%	21	40	11	5	44%	16
	18%	25	46	8	4	43%	11
Improving the value of higher education LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	19%	24	48	6	3	42%	10
	21%	26	40	9	4	47%	13
	30%	22	37	6	4	53%	11
	20%	37	35	5	2	58%	7
Reducing student debt LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	17%	21	46	7	9	38%	16
	23%	19	42	10	6	42%	16
	32%	19	38	6	5	51%	11
	27%	33	28	9	4	59%	12
Making college free LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	15%	16	44	11	15	30%	26
	20%	20	36	14	10	40%	23
	28%	17	40	10	5	45%	15
	20%	26	35	13	7	46%	20

Q88. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t		LV		
	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
Making college free will not improve the job market for graduates - students need better information about where to attend college and how valuable degrees are before making such a large investment.		56%	47%	66%
At a time when students are facing crippling debt and the worst job market in years, it's more important than ever to make college free so they can get a foothold in their careers		44	53	34

Q89. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	<u>Black</u>	Institution Leaders
The value of a college degree has not kept up with the rising cost, which is a problem for everyone - colleges and universities should focus on delivering more value to all students,				
regardless of their race or ethnicity	73%	64%	53%	54%
led to large racial differences in how much graduates are paid - colleges and universities should focus on delivering more equal value to these communities		36	47	46

Q90. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Colleges should make education more affordable, but their primary focus should be on delivering				
degrees that set students up for higher incomes and more stable careers than they would have				
otherwise	73%	58%	61%	72%
At a time when students are facing crippling debt and the worst job market in years, it's more				
important than ever to make college free so they can get a foothold in their careers	27	42	39	28

L۷

L۷

NOT

Q91. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	Hispanic	Black	Institution
For years, colleges have gotten away with passing off questionable degrees to students - in order to set up graduates for success in this difficult job market, they need to make sure their degrees				<u>Leaders</u>
improve the lifetime earnings of their graduates. It is up to students to choose degrees that set them up for success - colleges have very little	52%	59%	51%	47%
control over how any specific student does in the job market	48	41	49	53

	IMPORTA	_	IMPORTANT		NET		
[SPLIT B] Making college more affordable to reduce student debt	<u>Extremely</u>	<u>Very</u>	<u>Some</u>	Not too	Not at <u>all</u>	<u>IMPORTANT</u>	NOT IMPORTANT
LV Nationwide	37%	32	24	4	2	70%	6
LV Hispanic	45%	21	26	7	*	67%	8
LV Black	47%	30	17	4	2	77%	6
Institution Leaders	38%	40	19	-	3	78%	3

	IMPORTA	ANT			OT RTANT	N	ET
	Extremely	Very	Some	Not too	Not at all	IMPORTANT	NOT IMPORTANT
Ensuring everyone is able to get good value out of higher education, regardless of their race or socioeconomic status					_		
LV Nationwide	37% 39%	30	25 24	5 6	3	67% 68%	9 9
LV Hispanic LV Black	46%	28 29	19	5	2	75%	6
Institution Leaders	44%	33	17	4	2	77%	6
[SPLIT B] Ensuring affordability of college is not a barrier to entry or graduation							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	35% 38%	29 29	28 24	6 8	3 2	63% 66%	8 10
LV Black Institution Leaders	46% 42%	23 34	26 20	2 2	3 2	69% 76%	5 4
• [SPLIT B] Ensuring students that receive a degree are able							
to repay their loansLV Nationwide	34%	32	25	6	3	66%	9
LV Hispanic LV Black	37% 47%	31 26	21 20	10 6	2 2	68% 73%	12 7
Institution Leaders	31%	49	15	2	3	80%	4
Improving transparency about student outcomes so students can make informed enrollment decisions							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	32% 33%	33 32	29 28	4 4	1 2	66% 65%	5 7
LV Black Institution Leaders	37% 37%	35 40	23 17	4 6	1 -	71% 77%	6
[SPLIT A] Supporting students who are attending college after serving in the military to ensure they complete their degree							
LV Nationwide	32%	33	30	3	2	65%	5
LV Hispanic LV Black	30% 37%	31 35	29 24	8	2	62% 72%	10 4
Institution Leaders	35%	34	22	8	-	69%	8
 Making sure enough financial aid is available to those who get into college but can't pay full tuition on their own 							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	32% 34%	31 31	29 25	6 7	3 2	63% 66%	8 10
LV Black Institution Leaders	44% 37%	26 38	22 21	6 4	2	70% 75%	8 4
Making access to college more equal across race and socioeconomic background	J. 70	30				. 370	
LV Nationwide	31%	24	28	9	7	55%	17
LV Hispanic LV Black	37% 46%	24 24	26 22	9 6	4 2	61% 71%	12 8
Institution Leaders	35%	33	23	3	6	68%	10

	IMPORTA	ANT			OT RTANT	N	ET
	<u>Extremely</u>	Very	<u>Some</u>	Not too	Not at all	IMPORTANT	NOT IMPORTANT
[SPLIT A] Ensuring the cost of college is not a barrier to entry or graduation							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	31% 34% 36% 39%	29 32 29 33	31 24 29 19	7 7 6 9	2 2 1 -	59% 67% 64% 72%	10 9 7 9
[SPLIT B] Ensuring students receive a degree that puts them on the path to economic mobility							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	31% 35% 52% 30%	36 28 24 43	26 27 18 27	6 9 5 -	1 2 2 -	67% 62% 76% 73%	8 11 6 -
[SPLIT B] Ensuring students that receive a degree are able to support themselves and a family							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	30% 37% 40% 35%	30 27 29 37	30 26 22 23	8 9 4 2	3 1 5 2	59% 64% 69% 73%	11 10 9 4
[SPLIT A] Ensuring students receive a degree that improves their life earning prospects							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	29% 26% 33% 25%	32 44 30 35	33 24 29 28	4 3 5 6	2 3 2 6	61% 70% 63% 61%	6 6 8 12
Supporting students who are working full time, to ensure they complete their degree							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	27% 35% 37% 27%	31 31 33 45	34 24 25 23	5 7 3 3	3 4 2 2	58% 65% 70% 72%	9 10 5 5
[SPLIT B] Supporting students who are caregivers to children or other adults in their household to ensure they complete their degree							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	26% 30% 42% 33%	27 33 28 37	34 23 24 29	10 12 5 2	3 1 2 *	53% 64% 70% 70%	13 13 6 2
Ensuring students complete college and receive their degree							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	26% 34% 35% 32%	32 31 28 38	32 25 27 23	7 7 6 4	3 3 4 3	58% 65% 63% 70%	10 10 10 7

	IMPORT <i>A</i>	ANT			OT RTANT	NI	ΕΤ
	Extremely	<u>Very</u>	<u>Some</u>	Not too	Not at <u>all</u>	<u>IMPORTANT</u>	NOT IMPORTANT
• [SPLIT A] Providing a degree that substantially increases a student's chances for socioeconomic mobility LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	25% 30% 34% 31%	34 31 32 38	33 27 26 27	5 10 6 3	3 2 3 1	59% 61% 65% 69%	8 12 9 5
[SPLIT B] Making community college free to all who are admitted							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	25% 35% 41% 31%	19 19 23 30	23 23 28 21	17 12 4 12	16 11 4 5	44% 54% 64% 62%	33 23 8 17
[SPLIT A] Ensuring students that receive a degree are able to have a stable career	23%	32	36	6	3	55%	8
LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	29% 31% 29%	34 32 39	28 27 23	6 7 4	2 3 5	63% 63% 67%	9 10 10
[SPLIT B] Supporting students who have had an academic break of at least one year, to ensure they complete their degree							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	21% 25% 37% 30%	28 33 28 37	33 23 27 26	13 12 6 6	5 6 2 1	49% 58% 64% 67%	18 19 9 7
[SPLIT A] Supporting students who are commuting from off-campus, to ensure they complete their degreeLV Nationwide	20%	28	34	13	5	48%	18
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	25% 30% 22%	25 28 45	33 31 23	11 6 4	5 7 5 6	48% 49% 58% 67%	17 11 10
[SPLIT A] Eliminating the need for students to assume debt							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	19% 24% 29% 20%	24 27 30 29	32 30 31 32	15 9 7 12	10 10 3 8	43% 51% 59% 48%	25 19 10 20
• [SPLIT A] Making college free to all who are admittedLV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	16% 24% 22% 14%	15 20 28 28	28 28 32 24	16 15 12 11	25 13 6 22	31% 43% 50% 43%	41 28 18 33

B6. [SPLIT A] On a scale of 0 to 10, how much responsibility do you think each of the following has when it comes to ensuring a college degree is valuable during and after the coronavirus pandemic? For each, please indicate how much responsibility you think they have on a scale from 0 to 10, where 0 means "no responsibility at all" and 10 means "maximum responsibility."

_	RESPONSIBILITY		NET	
	No (0- <u>3)</u>	Some (4-7)	Maximum (8-10)	MEAN
Students LV Nationwide	3 4	29 30	67 66	8.06 8.06
LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	3	33 35	64 64	7.99 7.99
	•	00	V1	7.00
Colleges and universities LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	3 2	35 31	62 68	7.74 8.03
LV Black Institution Leaders	2 6	31 25	67 69	7.90 7.92
	U	23	09	1.32
Institutional leadership of colleges and universities	5	36	59	7.64
LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	3 2 6	29 33 32	68 65 62	8.06 7.90 7.65
	U	32	02	7.05
Professors and faculty of colleges and universities LV Nationwide	5	38	58	7.50
LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	2 2 11	35 42 28	63 57 61	7.81 7.65 7.35
	11	20	01	7.33
U.S. Department of Education LV Nationwide	6	43	51	7.21
LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	5 3 8	37 28 41	59 70 51	7.72 7.83 7.14
	0	41	31	7.14
Parents of students LV Nationwide	5	44	51	7.24
LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	7 3 5	30 38 40	62 58 54	7.49 7.48 7.17
	3	40	54	7.17
State government LV Nationwide	15	47	39	6.41
LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	7 4	41 34	52 62	7.24 7.60
	11	43	46	7.01
• U.S. Congress LV Nationwide	16	45	38	6.21
LV Hispanic LV Black	7 5	49 41	44 54	7.01 7.39
Institution Leaders	12	37	51	6.95

NET

DOWED

B6. [SPLIT A] On a scale of 0 to 10, how much responsibility do you think each of the following has when it comes to ensuring a college degree is valuable during and after the coronavirus pandemic? For each, please indicate how much responsibility you think they have on a scale from 0 to 10, where 0 means "no responsibility at all" and 10 means "maximum responsibility."

	R	No Some (0-3) Maximum (8-10) 21 44 35			
President of the United States	No (0- <u>3)</u>			MEAN	
LV Nationwide	21	44	35	5.90	
LV Hispanic	13	41	46	6.77	
LV Black	7	33	60	7.47	
Institution Leaders	17	40	43	6.52	

B7. [SPLIT B] On a scale of 0 to 10, how much power do you think each of the following has when it comes to ensuring a college degree is valuable during and after the coronavirus pandemic? For each, please indicate how much power you think they have on a scale from 0 to 10, where 0 means "no power at all" and 10 means "maximum power."

	POWER		NET	
	No (0- <u>3)</u>	Some (4-7)	Maximum (8-10)	MEAN
Colleges and universities				
LV Nationwide	3%	35	62	7.71
LV Hispanic	9%	31	60	7.40
LV Black Institution Leaders	4% *	32 35	65 65	7.94 7.98
Institution Leaders		33	03	7.30
Institutional leadership of colleges and universities				-
LV Nationwide	2%	42	56	7.53
LV Hispanic	5%	45	50	7.34
LV Black	6%	32	63	7.77
Institution Leaders	2%	33	65	7.99
Dueface and fee, the of cells are and universities				-
Professors and faculty of colleges and universities	4%	45	51	7.21
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	4 % 6%	37	57	7.23
LV Black	11%	35	54	7.27
Institution Leaders	3%	42	55	7.53
montanon zouvolo	0,0	,_		1.00
Students				-
LV Nationwide	9%	40	50	7.13
LV Hispanic	6%	40	54	7.34
LV Black	4%	40	55	7.55
Institution Leaders	7%	38	55	7.32
U.S. Department of Education				-
LV Nationwide	7%	44	48	7.04
LV Hispanic	8%	39	53	7.30
LV Black	6%	30	64	7.80
Institution Leaders	4%	48	48	7.39
Olate accomment				-
State government LV Nationwide	10%	53	38	6.55
LV Hispanic	7%	45	48	6.97
LV Black	7%	35	57	7.44
Institution Leaders	4%	51	45	7.10

B7. [SPLIT B] On a scale of 0 to 10, how much power do you think each of the following has when it comes to ensuring a college degree is valuable during and after the coronavirus pandemic? For each, please indicate how much power you think they have on a scale from 0 to 10, where 0 means "no power at all" and 10 means "maximum power."

	POWER			NET
• U.S. Congress	No (0- <u>3)</u>	Some (4-7)	Maximum (8-10)	MEAN
U.S. Congress LV Nationwide	16%	47	37	6.29
LV Hispanic	15%	42	43	6.61
LV Black	6%	32	62	7.62
Institution Leaders	8%	40	53	7.18
President of the United States				
LV Nationwide	19%	46	36	6.04
LV Hispanic	11%	41	48	6.66
LV Black	20%	33	47	6.48
Institution Leaders	10%	39	51	7.09
Parents of students				
LV Nationwide	13%	52	35	6.44
LV Hispanic	11%	46	43	6.79
LV Black	10%	49	42	6.87
Institution Leaders	8%	42	50	7.11

B8. [IF INSTITUTION LEADER] Now you will see a list of actions institutional leaders could take to improve the value of higher education. For each, please indicate whether your college or university already does this, do not do this but are willing to, or are not willing to do.

	Already do this	Do not do this, but willing to	Not willing to do this
• [SPLIT A] Increase access to college by recruiting students of all backgrounds	68%	27	5
• Ensure students of all backgrounds complete their degree by offering quality academic advising. Institution Leaders	68%	25	7
• [SPLIT B] Provide students access to data about how graduates do in the job market	64%	30	5
• [SPLIT B] Allocate financial aid with the aim of reducing the need for students to assume loan debt	62%	29	9
[SPLIT A] Offer support to students who are attending college after serving in the military to ensure they complete their degree	0270	25	J
Institution Leaders	60%	34	6
Ensure students of all backgrounds are set up for career success by advising what subject areas receive job offers after graduation			
Institution Leaders	59%	35	6
[SPLIT B] Increase access to college through enrollment and admissions policies that consider student's backgrounds			
Institution Leaders	58%	36	6

B8. [IF INSTITUTION LEADER] Now you will see a list of actions institutional leaders could take to improve the value of higher education. For each, please indicate whether your college or university already does this, do not do this but are willing to, or are not willing to do.

		Already do this	Do not do this, but willing to	Not willing to do this
[SPLIT A] Offer support to students who are commuting from off-campus, to complete their degree	•			
complete their degree	Institution Leaders	57%	27	15
Connect students to public benefits programs as needed for financial support	ortInstitution Leaders	56%	30	14
Institute biring properties and no proceedings for faculty and staff that are un		30 /0	30	17
 Institute hiring, promotion, and pay practices for faculty and staff that ensure fairness 		-40/		
	Institution Leaders	51%	38	11
 [SPLIT B] Offer support to students who have had an academic break of at le ensure they complete their degree 	•			
	Institution Leaders	49%	44	7
Offer support to students who are working full time, to ensure they complete	e their degree Institution Leaders	46%	46	8
[SPLIT A] Allocate financial aid with the aim of eliminating the need for stude debt				
uebi	Institution Leaders	43%	32	25
• [SPLIT A] Use student-level data to identify and fix enrollment and completio	n problems Institution Leaders	42%	40	18
Prepare students to combat racial injustice throughout their careers	Institution Leaders	42%	48	10
• [SPLIT B] Offer support to students who are caregivers to children or other a	dults in their	42 /0	40	10
household to ensure they complete their degree	Institution Leaders	39%	51	10
Q_135. [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] If the federal government were to give			nts who need it mos	
your college or university \$1,000,000, how would you allocate this funding?	Facility maintena Emergency gran	nce or renova	83,351	
	Faculty and profe	essor salary		73,202
				,
			services	
	•		ools	
	Marketing and re	cruitment		35,708

Q136. [IF INSTITUTIONAL LEADER] In your own words, if you were to receive \$1,000,000 from the federal government in institutional funding, what would you spend it on?



LV

NOT DECLIDE

NET

Q137. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
It is more important for students to have access to information about how graduates fare in the job market, even if it means students have to give up some data privacy	62%	57%	55%	58%
It is more important for students to keep their personal data private, even if it means students do not have access to information about how graduates fare in the job market	38	43	45	42

Q138. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

·		LV		
	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
While it is important to protect the privacy of students, it is even more important for them to know how much it truly costs to earn a degree, how graduates fare in the job market, and how much a				·
graduate typically earns.	68%	70%	65%	64%
While it is important for students to know how graduates fare in the job market, it is even more				
important to protect the privacy of students and not share any data on their career outcomes	32	30	35	36

B9. Now you will see different types of information students may want to have access to when deciding about where to enroll in college. For each, please indicate whether the federal government should require colleges disclose this information to prospective students.

DEVILIDE

	REQI	JIRE	NOT RE	EQUIRE	_ NET	
[SPLIT B] Actual tuition amount that students pay to complete their education	<u>Definitely</u>	<u>Probably</u>	<u>Probably</u>	<u>Definitely</u>	REQUIRE	NOT REQUIRE
LV Nationwide	60%	30	7	2	91%	9
LV Hispanic	54%	29	15	3	83%	17
LV Black	57%	30	10	3	87%	13
Institution Leaders	51%	43	4	1	95%	5
• [SPLIT B] Average time it takes to graduateLV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	53%	32	13	3	85%	15
	44%	39	12	5	83%	17
	49%	34	14	3	83%	17
	56%	35	9	-	91%	9

B9. Now you will see different types of information students may want to have access to when deciding about where to enroll in college. For each, please indicate whether the federal government should require colleges disclose this information to prospective students.

	REQUIRE		NOT RI	EQUIRE	NET		
	<u>Definitely</u>	<u>Probably</u>	<u>Probably</u>	<u>Definitely</u>	REQUIRE	NOT <u>REQUIRE</u>	
[SPLIT A] Average graduation rate							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	52% 49% 48% 48%	35 42 32 37	11 8 17 14	3 1 2 1	87% 91% 81% 85%	13 9 19 15	
Amount of debt students typically graduate with LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	49% 44% 47% 51%	38 39 36 35	10 13 14 11	2 4 3 3	87% 83% 83% 85%	13 17 17 15	
[SPLIT A] Advertised tuition amount that students pay to complete their education LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Hispanic LV Response LV Hispanic LV Hispan	49% 49%	36 37	12 11	3	85% 86%	15 14	
LV Black Institution Leaders	41% 53%	36 35	20 9	3 2	77% 89%	23 11	
[SPLIT B] Average time it takes for graduates to pay off their student loans LV Nationwide	46%	38	11	E	84%	16	
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	46% 45% 51% 48%	33 28 46	18 9 5	5 4 12 1	78% 79% 94%	22 21 6	
Average time it takes for graduates to find a job LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	41% 46%	42 40	14 11	4 3	83% 86%	17 14	
LV Black Institution Leaders	42% 43%	39 36	15 18	4 3	80% 79%	20 21	
Typical debt-to-income ratio for graduates of the program or institution LV Nationwide	40%	42	13	5	82%	18	
LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders • [SPLIT A] Average time it takes for graduates to see a	40% 48% 38%	45 31 47	10 14 10	4 7 5	86% 79% 85%	14 21 15	
positive return on what they paidLV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	39% 38% 36% 41%	41 49 41 34	16 13 20 17	3 1 4 8	80% 86% 76% 75%	20 14 24 25	

B9. Now you will see different types of information students may want to have access to when deciding about where to enroll in college. For each, please indicate whether the federal government should require colleges disclose this information to prospective students.

	REQ	UIRE	NOT REQUIRE		NET		
	<u>Definitely</u>	<u>Probably</u>	<u>Probably</u>	<u>Definitely</u>	REQUIRE	NOT <u>REQUIRE</u>	
Difference in earnings between graduates and those without the degree							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	39% 38%	43 40	14 18	4 4	82% 78%	18 22	
LV Black Institution Leaders	44% 41%	40 42	12 12	4 5	84% 83%	16 17	
institution Leaders	4170	72	12	3	0370	17	
[SPLIT A] Average earnings for graduates one year after completion							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	39% 42%	44 48	14 7	4	82% 91%	18 9	
LV Hispanic LV Black	40%	39	15	2 7	78%	22	
Institution Leaders	33%	43	18	6	76%	24	
[SPLIT B] Average earnings for graduates 10 years after completion							
LV Nationwide	35%	46	15	4	81%	19	
LV Hispanic LV Black	27% 43%	58 41	10 12	5	85% 84%	15 16	
Institution Leaders	40%	48	10	4 2	88%	12	
Extent to which students are a part of discussions about equitable curricula, policies, and practices							
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic	27% 30%	43 48	23 17	7 5	70% 78%	30 22	
LV Black	39%	36	19	6	75%	25	
Institution Leaders	28%	50	18	4	78%	22	
[SPLIT A] Extent to which the school has examined its role in perpetuating inequities							
LV Nationwide	26% 35%	41 37	25 22	8	67% 72%	33	
LV Hispanic LV Black	35% 31%	37 45	20	6 5	72%	28 24	
Institution Leaders	32%	41	21	6	73%	27	
• [SPLIT B] Gender composition of the student body							
LV Nationwide	26%	33	26	14	59%	41	
LV Hispanic LV Black	25% 37%	35 34	28 19	11 10	60% 71%	40 29	
Institution Leaders	37%	44	14	6	80%	20	
[SPLIT B] Extent to which the school has fought against inequities							
LV Nationwide	24%	39	23	13	64%	36	
LV Hispanic LV Black	30% 39%	44 36	21 17	5 9	74% 74%	26 26	
Institution Leaders	34%	44	18	4	78%	22	

B9. Now you will see different types of information students may want to have access to when deciding about where to enroll in college. For each, please indicate whether the federal government should require colleges disclose this information to prospective students.

	REQUIRE		NOT REQUIRE		NE	T
• [SPLIT A] Racial composition of the student body	<u>Definitely</u>	<u>Probably</u>	<u>Probably</u>	<u>Definitely</u>	REQUIRE	NOT REQUIRE
LV Nationwide	24%	39	24	13	63%	37
LV Hispanic	27%	37	27	9	64%	36
LV Black	37%	37	19	7	74%	26
Institution Leaders	36%	35	20	9	71%	29
Socioeconomic composition of the student body						
LV Nationwide	23%	39	27	11	61%	39
LV Hispanic	28%	40	26	5	68%	32
LV Black	30%	40	22	7	71%	29
Institution Leaders	24%	43	28	5	67%	33

B10C. [SPLIT C] Now you will see a list of policies the next U.S. Congress could focus on to improve the value of a college degree. For each, please indicate whether it should be a priority for the next U.S. Congress.

	PRIORITY		NOT PRIORITY		NI	ET
	<u> Top</u>	High but not top	Minor	Not a priority	PRIORITY	NOT <u>PRIORITY</u>
[SPLIT A] Increasing access to college through equitable recruiting, enrollment, and admissions policies to reduce unequal outcomes by race, income, and gender						
LV Nationwide	20%	39	25	16	59%	41
LV Hispanic	31%	39	14	16	69%	31
LV Black	35%	45	11	9	80%	20
Institution Leaders	31%	37	24	7	68%	32
• [SPLIT A] Increasing federal aid, like doubling the Pell grant, for low-income students and federal grants for minority-serving colleges and universities to equalize financial support for all						
LV Nationwide	22%	37	29	13	59%	41
LV Hispanic	34%	36	20	10	70%	30
LV Black	43%	35	18	5	77%	23
Institution Leaders	38%	34	21	7	72%	28
[SPLIT B] Increasing access to college by updating recruiting, enrollment, and admissions policies						
LV Nationwide	23%	35	25	17	58%	42
LV Hispanic	28%	40	21	11	68%	32
LV Black	29%	38	24	9	67%	33
Institution Leaders	38%	38	19	5	76%	24

B10C. [SPLIT C] Now you will see a list of policies the next U.S. Congress could focus on to improve the value of a college degree. For each, please indicate whether it should be a priority for the next U.S. Congress.

	PR	RIORITY	NOT PRIORITY		NET	
	<u> Top</u>	High but not top	Minor	Not a priority	PRIORITY	NOT PRIORITY
 Requiring all colleges and universities that take federal funds to conduct and report on an equity audit that assesses impact of their policies on low-income and minority students, including collecting employment data on faculty/staff diversity, which is currently unavailable. 	_					
LV Nationwide	21%	35	29	14	57%	43
LV Hispanic LV Black	30% 32%	35 41	22 24	13 4	65% 72%	35 28
Institution Leaders	23%	40	28	9	64%	36
• [SPLIT B] Increasing federal aid, like doubling the Pell grant, for all students						
LV Nationwide	28%	28	30	13	56%	44
LV Hispanic	39%	26	19	16	64%	36
LV Black Institution Leaders	39% 42%	32 34	26 14	3 10	71% 76%	29 24
• [SPLIT A] Implementing a student-level data network that provides anonymized information about all students' post-college outcomes, like employment, earnings, and loan repayment						
LV Nationwide	15%	39	32	13	54%	46
LV Hispanic LV Black	22% 18%	45 47	24 30	8 4	68% 65%	32 35
Institution Leaders	25%	43	25	7	68%	32
Tying federal aid to student outcomes like graduation rates and earnings						
LV Nationwide	21%	34	33	13	54%	46
LV Hispanic LV Black	30% 29%	31 38	27 28	12 5	61% 67%	39 33
Institution Leaders	24%	40	26	10	64%	36
[SPLIT A] Making tuition at public colleges and universities free for low-income students						
LV Nationwide	26%	22	26	27	48%	52
LV Hispanic LV Black	28% 30%	41 45	18	13	69% 74%	31 26
Institution Leaders	26%	45 40	19 21	6 14	65%	35
• [SPLIT B] Implementing a student-level data network that provides anonymized information about underrepresented students' post-college outcomes, like employment, earnings, and loan repayment LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	16% 20% 20% 20%	31 40 41 46	36 27 34 20	17 13 5 14	47% 60% 61% 66%	53 40 39 34

B10C. [SPLIT C] Now you will see a list of policies the next U.S. Congress could focus on to improve the value of a college degree. For each, please indicate whether it should be a priority for the next U.S. Congress.

	PRIORITY		NOT PRIORITY		NET	
	<u>Top</u>	High but not top	Minor	Not a priority	PRIORITY	NOT <u>PRIORITY</u>
[SPLIT B] Cancelling all student loan debt						
LV Nationwide	19%	28	20	33	46%	54
LV Hispanic	11%	41	24	24	52%	48
LV Black	38%	35	20	6	73%	27
Institution Leaders	20%	34	27	19	54%	46
[SPLIT A] Making tuition at public colleges and universities free for all students						
LV Nationwide	23%	21	22	33	44%	56
LV Hispanic	34%	28	21	17	62%	38
LV Black	36%	30	25	9	65%	35
Institution Leaders	18%	34	17	31	52%	48
[SPLIT B] Making tuition at public colleges and universities free for underrepresented students						
LV Nationwide	21%	23	26	30	44%	56
LV Hispanic	30%	30	16	24	60%	40
LV Black	37%	29	28	7	65%	35
Institution Leaders	30%	32	22	17	61%	39

B10D. [SPLIT D] Now you will see a list of policies the next presidential administration could focus on to improve the value of a college degree. For each, please indicate whether it should be a priority for the next presidential administration.

	PR	RIORITY	NOT PRIORITY		RITY NET	
	<u>Top</u>	High but not top	<u>Minor</u>	Not a priority	PRIORITY	NOT <u>PRIORITY</u>
 [SPLIT A] Increasing access to college through equitable recruiting, enrollment, and admissions policies to reduce unequal outcomes by race, income, and gender 						
LV Nationwide	25%	37	25	13	62%	38
LV Hispanic	26%	38	21	15	64%	36
LV Black	33%	43	21	3	76%	24
Institution Leaders	35%	48	11	7	82%	18
[SPLIT B] Increasing federal aid, like doubling the Pell grant, for all students						
LV Nationwide	25%	36	22	17	60%	40
LV Hispanic	36%	29	20	15	65%	35
LV Black	38%	39	17	5	77%	23
Institution Leaders	44%	41	10	5	85%	15
• [SPLIT A] Implementing a student-level data network that provides anonymized information about all students' post-college outcomes, like employment, earnings, and loan repayment						
LV Nationwide	21%	39	26	13	60%	40
LV Hispanic	10%	48	33	9	58%	42
LV Black	23%	38	29	10	61%	39
Institution Leaders	22%	37	27	14	59%	41

B10D. [SPLIT D] Now you will see a list of policies the next presidential administration could focus on to improve the value of a college degree. For each, please indicate whether it should be a priority for the next presidential administration.

	PR	RIORITY	NOT PRIORITY		NET	
	<u>Top</u>	High but not top	<u>Minor</u>	Not a priority	PRIORITY	NOT <u>PRIORITY</u>
• [SPLIT A] Increasing federal aid, like doubling the Pell grant, for low-income students and federal grants for minority-serving colleges and universities to equalize financial support for all						
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	25% 30% 48% 27%	34 41 28 45	27 24 14 25	14 6 11 3	58% 70% 75% 72%	42 30 25 28
Requiring all colleges and universities that take federal funds to conduct and report on an equity audit that assesses impact of their policies on low-income and minority students, including collecting employment data on faculty/staff diversity, which is currently unavailable						
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	24% 29% 33% 26%	33 34 40 49	28 31 23 16	15 5 4 8	56% 64% 73% 76%	44 36 27 24
Tying federal aid to student outcomes like graduation rates and earnings						
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	18% 22% 28% 27%	34 39 40 53	33 26 23 12	15 13 9 8	52% 61% 67% 80%	48 39 33 20
[SPLIT B] Increasing access to college by updating recruiting, enrollment, and admissions policies						
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	17% 21% 24% 37%	35 51 42 47	29 23 29 15	19 5 4 1	52% 71% 67% 84%	48 29 33 16
• [SPLIT A] Making tuition at public colleges and universities free for all students						
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	19% 21% 33% 25%	29 25 42 32	19 27 17 19	33 27 9 24	48% 45% 74% 57%	52 55 26 43
[SPLIT B] Making tuition at public colleges and universities free for underrepresented students						
LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	22% 27% 35% 29%	25 37 46 28	22 22 17 33	31 14 1 11	48% 65% 81% 56%	52 35 19 44

B10D. [SPLIT D] Now you will see a list of policies the next presidential administration could focus on to improve the value of a college degree. For each, please indicate whether it should be a priority for the next presidential administration.

	PRIORITY		NOT PRIORITY		NET	
	<u>Top</u>	High but not top	Minor	Not a priority	PRIORITY	NOT <u>PRIORITY</u>
[SPLIT A] Making tuition at public colleges and universities free for low-income students						
LV Nationwide	20%	27	27	26	47%	53
LV Hispanic	29%	28	29	15	57%	43
LV Black	38%	31	19	11	69%	31
Institution Leaders	34%	29	20	17	63%	37
[SPLIT B] Implementing a student-level data network that provides anonymized information about underrepresented students' post-college outcomes, like employment, earnings, and loan repayment LV Nationwide LV Hispanic LV Black Institution Leaders	17% 22% 28% 26%	29 44 44 52	35 25 14 19	18 9 13 4	46% 66% 73% 77%	54 34 27 23
	2070	02			1170	20
• [SPLIT B] Cancelling all student loan debt						
LV Nationwide	22%	22	18	38	44%	56
LV Hispanic	36%	28	17	19	64%	36
LV Black	27%	43	23	7	70%	30
Institution Leaders	33%	33	21	13	66%	34

Q158. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

S		LV		
	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
The pandemic has led to massive job loss and economic pain for the country. We need to focus on rebuilding the economy, medical equipment like PPE, and keeping business afloat during this time.		65%	67%	49%
Without investments in higher education, the workforce of tomorrow will face even worse prospects in the bad economy - ignoring this looming crisis now will mean the country has to				
spend even more on education in the future	31	35	33	51

Q159. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	<u>Black</u>	<u>Institution</u>
The federal government already spends billions on higher education, and during this unprecedented pandemic the focus should solely be on turning the education, and during this unprecedented government spends billions on higher education, but this is not enough to keep attraction of the during this unprecedented government spends believed.	56%	54%	41%	<u>Leaders</u> 45%
students afloat during this unprecedented moment - more must be done to ensure graduates can succeed in this new economy.	44	46	59	55

LV

The state of the s				
	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
College degrees have become increasingly necessary for workers to stay competitive in the new economy, and the federal government should invest in strengthening the American workforce Many Americans have good paying jobs and stable careers even without college - the federal	57%	61%	72%	61%
government should not spend more money to subsidize the privileged few		39	28	39

Q161. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

J		LV		
	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
The federal government needs to support the middle class by ensuring college graduates can find a good paying job and stable career. The federal government invests billions every year into higher education and financial aid, and	54%	60%	59%	47%
has limited control over what colleges and students do with this money		40	41	53

Q162. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution
Tuition increases have outpaced college graduate wage growth for decades; the federal				<u>Leaders</u>
government should focus on improving the value of higher education for all students		57%	42%	55%
College degrees were supposed to put graduates on an even playing field, but graduates of color				
earn far less than white graduates; the federal government should focus on improving the value		40	50	45
of higher education for these underserved communities.	34	43	58	45

LV

Q163. Which of the following statements comes closer to your view?

,	LV			
	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
It is the responsibility of students to earn a degree that is valuable and sets them up for success in the job market.	54%	45%	40%	44%
It is the responsibility of colleges and universities to ensure the degrees they offer are valuable and set up students for success in the job market.	46	55	60	56

Q164. Have you ever or do you currently have student loan debt?

,		LV		
	Nationwide	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Yes, I've had or currently have student loan debt	33%	34%	47%	59%
No, I've never had and don't currently have student loan debt	66	63	50	38
Prefer not to say	2	3	2	4

Q165. [IF HAD/HAS DEBT]	H	low mucl	n stı	ıdent	loan (de	bt	d	o you currentl	y l	have?	,
-------------------------	---	----------	-------	-------	--------	----	----	---	----------------	-----	-------	---

in the hind bed in town that the track at you can truly have:				
	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Less than \$6,000	40%	28%	38%	29%
\$6,000 - \$14,999	11	18	12	8
\$15,000 - \$24,999	8	4	9	15
\$25,000 - \$49,999	11	17	20	24
\$50,000 - \$99,999	9	17	9	15
\$100,000 or more	12	8	4	7
Prefer not to say	8	8	6	1

D100. What is your gender?

		LV		
	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution
				<u>Leaders</u>
Male	47%	44%	39%	56%
Female	53	56	61	44

DAGE. What is your age?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution
18-29	12%	28%	29%	23%
30-44	21	21	11	40
45-54	17	22	22	17
55-64	21	13	18	16
65+	28	16	21	4

D105. When it comes to politics, do you generally think of yourself as:

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Liberal	25%	36%	39%	31%
Moderate	41	43	45	46
Conservative	34	21	16	23

D120. What is your current employment status?

Nationwide	Hispanic	Black	<u>Institution</u>
			<u>Leaders</u>
44%	48%	39%	96%
8	12	16	4
7	9	9	-
31	17	22	-
2	5	6	-
6	6	4	-
2	3	4	-
	8	8 12	8 12 16

D102. What is the last grade of school or level of education you completed?

Triatio the last grade of control of level of cadeation year completed.				
	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	Institution Leaders
Did not complete high school	1%	2%	2%	-
Graduated high school	19	23	21	-
Attended technical/vocational school	5	4	5	-
Attended some college but no degree	23	19	32	-
Graduated two-year college with Associate's degree	10	18	18	-
Graduated four-year college with Bachelor's degree	24	24	13	66
Obtained Master's, PhD, or other professional degree (MD, DMD, etc.)	18	9	8	34

D140. How would you describe the area where you live?

	LV			
	Nationwide	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
City	26%	32%	45%	36%
Suburban area	52	50	40	54
Small town	8	9	4	6
Rural area	14	9	10	4

DRACE. To ensure a representative sample, please indicate your race. [IF BLACK/WHITE/OTHER] Do you consider yourself a Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish-speaking American?

		LV		
	<u>Nationwide</u>	Hispanic	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Black/African-American	11%	-	100%	13%
White/Caucasian	78	-	-	70
Hispanic/Latino	7	100	-	11
Asian-American	3	-	-	4
Native American	*	-	-	1
Other	1	-	-	1

REGION. What state do you live in?

,	LV			
	Nationwide	<u>Hispanic</u>	Black	<u>Institution</u>
				<u>Leaders</u>
Northeast	18%	8%	18%	27%
Midwest	23	15	13	19
South	37	38	60	34
West	22	39	8	20